

Prediction

1. Após ver os slides da aula, responda as perguntas feitas na gravura a seguir:

Observe esta outra tirinha e reflita:

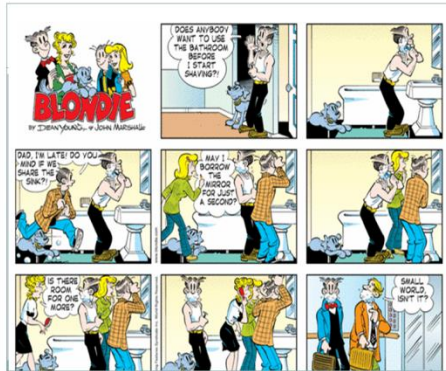


- Qual o conteúdo do diálogo entre Garfield e seu dono?
- Qual o motivo da reação de John no último quadrinho?

John pergunta se Garfield quer café.  
Garfield diz que não – é muito fraco para ele.

O café com certeza é muito forte.

2. Qual a idéia central transmitida pelo texto abaixo?



O pai é sempre o último na prioridade de usar o banheiro da família.

ou

De acordo com o quadrinho, o homem parece ter menos direito de uso do espaço doméstico.

3. Retire três informações (em português) do texto a seguir:

The day of the wedding of the mayor's daughter was an awful day. It rained a lot and the church was left a total chaos by the people who had attended to a ceremony an hour earlier. The groom arrived late and found the church already full of impatient guests. The best man and the maids of honor were dressed in old fashion clothes. The bride had arrived on time, an hour before the groom. She was dressed in black and carried a cross instead of a bouquet.

O dia do casamento foi um dia horrível / choveu muito/ muitos convidados chegaram uma hora adiantados / o noivo se atrasou / os padrinhos estavam usando roupas cafonas / a noiva chegou na hora / a noiva estava vestida de preto e carregando uma cruz ao invés de um bouquet.

4. Qual o tema central da conversa entre gato e cachorro?



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“Today I ate two bowls of dog food, a sandwich crust, some spaghetti that fell on the floor, half of your cat food, a wet tea bag, three bugs and the inside of a sneaker. How many grams of fat is that?”

A alimentação: o que foi comido naquele dia e o que isto representa em ingestão de gordura.

5. Sobre os textos abaixo, não é correto afirmar que:

**The grizzly bear** is a North American subspecies of the brown bear.

These awe-inspiring giants tend to be solitary animals—with the exception of females and their cubs—but at times they do congregate. Dramatic gatherings of grizzly bears can be seen at prime Alaskan fishing spots when the salmon run upstream for summer spawning. In this season, dozens of bears may gather to feast on the fish, craving fats that will sustain them through the long winter ahead.

During winter brown bears go into hibernation. Females give birth during this period of the year and their offspring are often twins.

Grizzly bears are powerful, top-of-the-food-chain



- Type: Mammal
- Diet: Omnivore
- Average lifespan in the wild: 25 years
- Size: 5 to 8 ft (1.5 to 2.5 m)
- Weight: 800 lbs (363 kg)
- Protection status: [Threatened](#)
- Size relative to a 6-ft (2-m) man:

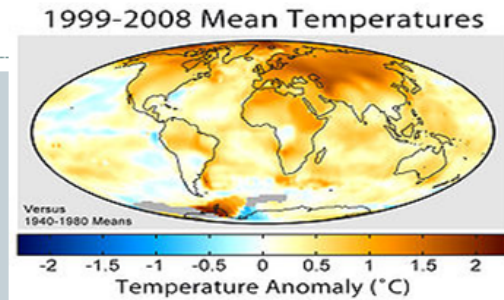


- Ursos têm filhotes enquanto estão hibernando.
- Ursos estão no topo da cadeia alimentar, comendo tanto animais quanto vegetais.
- Ursos são sempre animais solitários e nunca se reúnem em grupos.**
- Na natureza, ursos geralmente vivem por 25 anos.

6. usando a estratégia “prediction”, descubra o significado das seguintes palavras do texto:

- cubs - **filhotes**
- spawning - **desova**
- offspring - **filhos**
- twins - **gêmeos**
- theatened - **ameaçado**

7. Sobre o próximo texto, responda o que se pede:



**Global warming** is the increase in the average temperature of the Earth's near-surface air and the oceans since the mid-twentieth century. Global surface temperature increased  $0.74 \pm 0.18$  °C ( $1.33 \pm 0.32$  °F) during the 100 years ending in 2005. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) concludes that greenhouse gases are responsible for most of the observed temperature increase since the middle of the twentieth century, and that natural phenomena such as solar variation and volcanoes probably had a small warming effect from pre-industrial times to 1950. These basic conclusions have been endorsed by more than 40 scientific societies and academies of science, including all of the national academies of science of the major industrialized countries.

Fonte: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Global\\_warming](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Global_warming)

- a) O que significa “global warming”?  
Aquecimento global.
  - b) Que fatores o provocam?  
Os gases que causam o efeito estufa.
  - c) Que entidades e pessoas citadas no texto endossam o que ele afirma?  
IPCC (International Panel on Climate Change), com mais de 40 cientistas e academias da ciência.
8. O texto a seguir é composto por três parágrafos. Resuma (em português) cada uma deles em no máximo 3 linhas, mostrando a ideia central neles contida.

## [Analysts Suggest Keyboards and Mice Heading for Extinction](#)

by Terrence O'Brien — Apr 9th 2010 at 6:30AM

If [Gartner](#), a world wide known consulting company on IT, is to be believed, we are nearing the end of the keyboard and mouse age and entering one ruled by touch screens. According to Gartner, 50-percent of all the computers purchased between now and 2015 by children currently 15 and younger [will have touchscreens](#). The study goes on to say that consumers and educational markets will be the first big adopters of the technology, as older workers and businesses will surely struggle to adopt such a new and unfamiliar tool. Schools, however,



will embrace them, as they are a perfect medium for introducing young children, still very much accustomed to pencils and crayons, to the digital world.

Sarah Perez from [ReadWriteWeb](#), another consulting firm, is concerned with what this change might mean. She argues that when we use mice and keyboards, the computer is just a tool -- perhaps one integral to our daily lives, sure, but purely a means to an end. A more intuitive way of interacting with a computer, touchscreens can be made to replicate actions like turning the pages of a book or scribbling notes on a pad. Perez worries that, one day, such screens will replace bookshelves filled with well-worn children's tomes, crayons, coloring books and board games.

There is no denying that, to an extent, we will be replacing these beloved childhood icons with their digital equivalents. But don't expect children to stop playing with toys, or learning through the physical manipulation of objects. Humans are built to appreciate tactile feedback, something that a touchscreen can't provide.

Fonte: <http://www.switched.com/2010/04/09/analysts-suggest-keyboards-and-mice-heading-for-extinction/>

1º. Parágrafo

Há uma previsão de que os teclados e mouses caminhem para a extinção nos próximos anos.

2º. Parágrafo

Uma consultora se preocupa que o touchscreen venha a substituir o virar de páginas e tudo o que há em uma prateleira (lápiz, giz de cera, jogos de tabuleiro, etc).

3º. Parágrafo

Conclui-se que o touchscreen vai dominar sim, mas o ser humano sempre usará de seu sentido tátil, algo que o touchscreen não pode oferecer.